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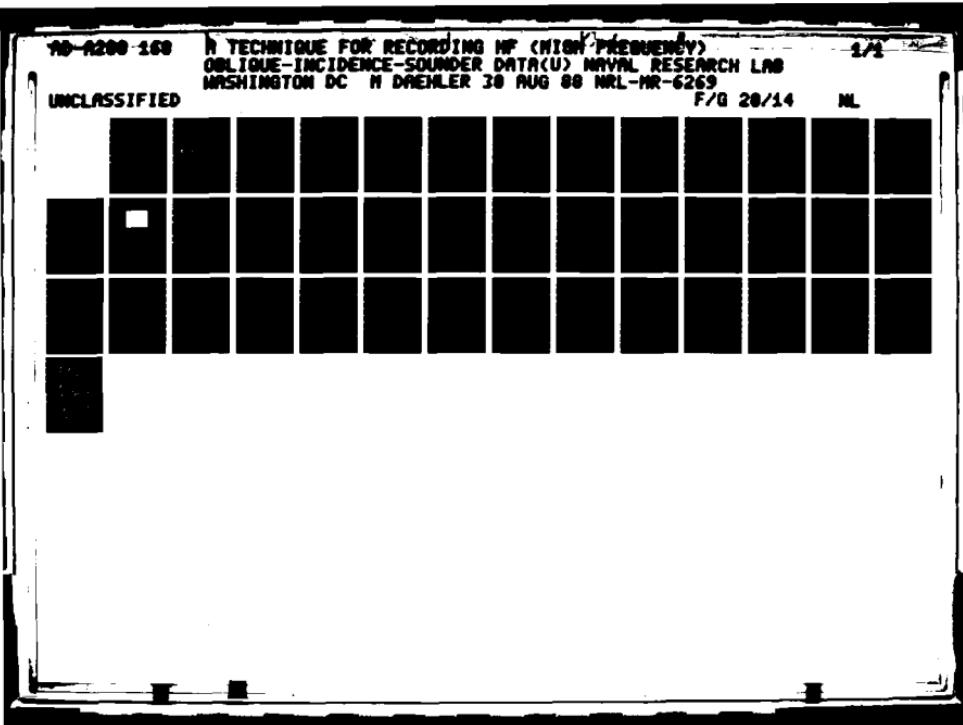
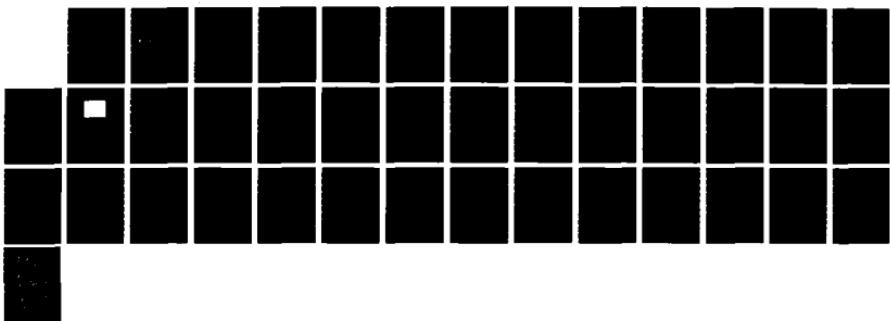
A TECHNIQUE FOR RECORDING HF (HIGH FREQUENCY)
OBlique-INCIDENCE-SOUNDER DATA(U) NAVAL RESEARCH LAB
WASHINGTON DC M DREHLER 30 AUG 88 NRL-MR-6269

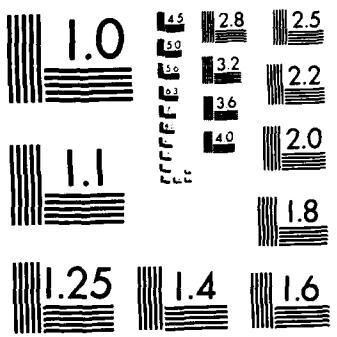
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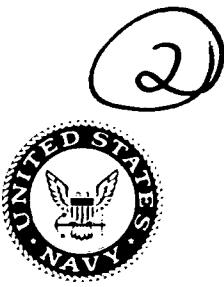
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NRL Memorandum Report 6269

A Technique for Recording HF Oblique-Incidence-Sounder Data

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MARK DAEHLER

*Ionospheric Effects Branch
Space Science Division*

August 30, 1988

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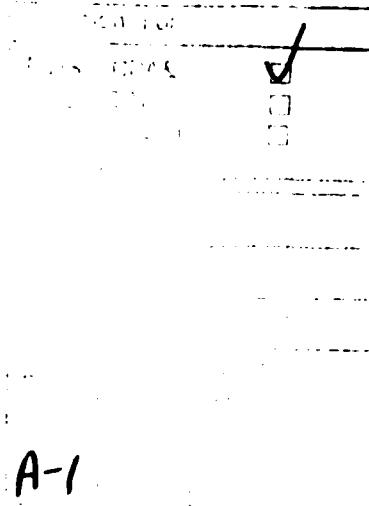
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A-1

A TECHNIQUE FOR RECORDING HF OBLIQUE-INCIDENCE-SOUNDER DATA

I. Introduction

This report details the equipment, formats, and procedures developed for recording and displaying HF propagation data produced by the AN/TRQ-35 RCS-4B oblique-incidence sounder receiver. The information is being published in this form because of numerous requests regarding a means for using the large volume of sounder data accumulated by NRL in the course of its ionospheric effects studies. These techniques may ultimately be incorporated in a proposed worldwide data base of ionospheric data.

The AN/TRQ-35 sounder equipment is available to all branches of the DoD and is widely used for near-real-time HF frequency management. The data it produces, if properly recorded and stored, can also be used for numerous other purposes related to studies of ionospheric structure and HF skywave communications. These include studies of the electron density versus height profile of the ionosphere; of forecasts of propagation conditions relevant to HF communications; of the geographical and temporal limitations of sounder data application; and of the effectiveness of frequency management techniques. Permanent records of ionospheric propagation have also proved valuable in evaluating tests of HF devices which are dependent on ionospheric propagation, such as communications transmitters and receivers, or direction finding equipment.

The recording equipment described here was developed to record the data efficiently and to make its retrieval easy. Once set up, the recording equipment requires a minimum of operator attention, since the data need be transferred to tape only once per day. The sounder data, in the form of ionograms, are stored in a compact form: four day's worth of data from one sounder receiver can be stored on a 1/4" magnetic tape cartridge of dimensions 153mm x 102mm x 17mm. The system records the amplitudes of the HF signals received, so the ionogram can be later reconstructed with various discrimination levels. With such post-processing it is sometimes possible to detect propagating modes not otherwise apparent.

II. Data Taken from the Sounder Receiver

Figure 1 shows a photograph of both the original CRT display from a sounder receiver and the ionogram data after being digitized, recorded, and

displayed with the equipment described in this report. The main part of the display shows the relative propagation delay times (over a 0-5 msec range) of HF signals as a function of frequency (over a 2-30 MHz range). Above the main display is a display of the receiver's AGC voltage, which is a measure of the amplitude of the strongest (in the range -120 to -65 dBm) mode.

The sounder signals relevant to data recording are listed in Table 1. Although the signals are developed inside the receiver in digital form, most of them are externally accessible only as analog voltages. The propagation delay time data are presented as a sequence of 279 60-msec voltage sweeps, each corresponding to a specific frequency, which arrive at 1-second intervals. In each of these 0-60 msec time intervals the analog voltage represents the variation in the RF signal strength over relative propagation delay times of 0-5 msec. The beginning of ionogram data output is signalled by a TTL trigger pulse (labelled "SA Sync") which goes low at the beginning of the ionogram and stays low until the 279th sweep has been delivered. The onset of each sweep is announced by another TTL trigger pulse (designated "SRS"). The Jth sweep characterizes propagation at the frequency

$$f \text{ [Mhz]} = 1.95 + 0.1 J .$$

The voltage (0-5 volts) of each sweep is sampled at 200 points within the 60-msec interval, so that the Ith sample corresponds to the time delay

$$t \text{ [msec]} = 0.025 I .$$

The 300-microsecond sampling interval was chosen to be somewhat less than the time constant of the output electronics.

The time-delay information is thus contained in $279 \times 200 = 55800$ voltage samples, each of which represents the HF signal amplitude for a unique combination of frequency and propagation time delay. On the CRT, each of the 279 sweeps corresponds to a vertical line at the appropriate frequency, parts of which are illuminated whenever the signal amplitude exceeds a threshold value. When the digitized data are used to recreate an ionogram, a 279 x 200 pixel array is created and each pixel I,J for which the corresponding amplitude exceeds the threshold amount is illuminated. Most of the storage space is used to store these amplitude values.

The AGC signal is also presented externally as an analog voltage. This voltage is sampled 279 times during each ionogram, one measurement immediately following each 60-millisecond sweep.

In addition, three TTL logic outputs from the receiver indicate which one of the three paths for which the sounder can be set up is being sounded.

III. Recording Instrumentation

The electronic equipment used in the data recording system is listed in Table II and illustrated in the block diagram of Figure 2. The last item, a 3-

1/2" Flexible Disc Drive, is included in Table I because some means is required initially to load the Operating System and the ADC Interface Software into the computer. In typical use this software is usually also stored on both the fixed disc and on the cartridge tape, so that the flexible disc drive is not required.

The electrical connections between the components are illustrated in Figure 3. The circuitry required to electrically isolate the SA Sync pulses, which come once per second during the 279-second ionogram recording period, is diagrammed in Figure 4. This circuitry also generates an addition TTL signal (called EPCON), which starts with each SA sync pulse but lasts for about 450 msec, to maintain the A/D converter in an enabled state until all of the required signals have been digitized.

IV. Computer Programming Details

Data collection is controlled by the BASIC computer program CHIRP4, a listing for which is given in Appendix A. In normal use, the data collection system computer is configured with a memory of 1.6 Mbytes, of which approximately 1.0 Mbytes are used to store the HP BASIC 4.0 System with all of its Drivers and Language Extensions. (Some space could be saved by omitting some of the unneeded Drivers and Language Extensions.) The CHIRP4 program requires about 300 Kbytes. A considerable amount of effort has been expended to make the program user-friendly. Prompts have been built in to explain information to be entered by the user.

Each ionogram recorded by the system is given a name corresponding to the nominal time (Zulu) at which that ionogram started. For example, the ionogram 02FE881215 was collected starting 1215Z on 2 February 1988. Nominal times are all integral multiples of 5 minutes, corrsponding to the twelve sounder time slots each hour.

While running, the CHIRP4 program requires the following fixed disc files:

<u>File Name</u>	<u>File Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	.
ICNOGRAMS	BDAT	16,645,600	.
PATHDATA	BDAT	5,000	
GRAMGRID	BDAT	51,200	

Any of these files may, but need not, exist when the program is started. If the program requires one of these files and it doesn't exist, it will create the file.

The ICNOGRAMS file stores the data for up to 291 ionograms, in the format described in Tables III, IV, and V. The data in each ionogram is stored in 143 records, each of 400 bytes length. Since each amplitude sample from the ionogram data requires only a single byte of memory, two samples have been compacted into each 2-byte computer (integer) word.

The PATHDATA file is a small file which stores the names, start time delays, and operating segments for the three paths currently being sounded. When sounder paths on the RCS-4B receiver are changed, this file should be updated with the CHANGE PATHS function, which will prompt the operator to enter the new path information. If the PATHDATA file does not exist when the program is started, the file will be created and default-loaded with data for three paths commonly used at NRL.

The GRAMGRID file contains graphics data with which the ionogram grid and labels can be displayed on the CRT with a simple GLOAD command, rather than being produced in a long series of PLOT and LABEL sequences. While the saving in time is only about two seconds, this amount of time can be critical if the paths chosen require that one ionogram be started very soon after the previous one is concluded. When the RECORDing or DISPLAYing function is started, the program attempts to find the graphics data in RAM memory; if not found there, it goes to the fixed-disc memory; and failing that, the grid and labels are generated with the subprogram Plot_grid. If the grid data must be generated, a GRAMGRID file is created and the grid data stored there.

For some purposes it is useful to compile the program with the BASIC 4.0 Compiler produced by IEM, Inc., P. O Box 8915, Fort Collins, CO 80525. The compiled version is of no advantage when recording data, but can reduce the time required to DISPLAY and produce hard copies of a series of ionograms by about 30%.

V. OPERATING PROCEDURES

With the equipment indicated in Figure 2, data collection is controlled by RUNning the program CHIRP4. A listing of this program appears in Appendix 1. Most operations are initiated by "softkeys", the labels for which appear on the CRT and form the MENU for the user. Data collection and storage are accomplished by the following functions:

RECORD function: Data collection is started by pressing the softkey corresponding to RECORD on the MENU. The user is first presented with the current time on the computer clock and the three path descriptions with which the program will label the ionograms from the three sounder paths. Since accurate time and path information are essential to the integrity of the data, the user is requested to verify the correctness of this information. The program waits for the start of the next ionogram and then records it and all following ionograms until RECORDing is stopped with the QUIT softkey. Up to 251 ionograms, equal to the full sounder output for slightly over 24 hours, can be stored in the IONOGRAMS file, after which the data must be transferred to magnetic tape for permanent storage. The operator may also stop the program with a PAUSE or RESET computer command. When data RECORDing is again started, the computer remembers the previously recorded ionograms. Thus, if the computer records 20 ionograms and then is stopped, it will start recording ionogram number 21 when RECORDING is again started. If the computer is stopped in the middle of an ionogram, the fractional ionogram is not retained in storage.

DISPLAY Function: This softkey function displays any ionogram whose data exist on the hard disc. The operator is prompted for the name of a single ionogram, or for a list of ionograms to be displayed. When a series of ionograms is selected, the operator may choose which paths shall be chosen. Hard copies are automatically produced, two per page. The computer requires about 110 seconds to display an entire ionogram.

Transfer of Data to 1/4" Cartridge Tape function: The fixed-disc file IONOGRAMS holds 291 ionograms, just over 24 hours worth. Approximately once per day the data must be transferred to tape for permanent storage and the hard disc purged so that more data can be stored. The data can be transferred to tape when less than 291 ionograms have been recorded, but the amount of cartridge tape used is not reduced because the IONOGRAMS file has to be created with a fixed length. A cartridge can contain four transferred files, which are typically named IONOGRAMS1, IONOGRAMS2, IONOGRAMS3, and IONOGRAMS4. This procedure is done manually, rather than with a softkey:

1. Stop the computer with the QUIT softkey function;
2. Insert tape cartridge into the HP7942 drive. The unit will perform housekeeping tasks for about two minutes before being ready for data transfer;
3. Transfer data with the command:

```
COPY "IONOGRAMS" TO "IONOGRAMS1:7942,1402,1" [RETURN]
```

(Instead of IONOGRAMS1, use IONOGRAMS2, IONOGRAMS3, or IONOGRAMS4 respectively to transfer the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th loads of ionograms to the tape.) Transfer takes about 15 minutes. If you want to verify that the data have been transferred, or are uncertain about how many files have been transferred to the tape, you can get a catalog of files recorded on the tape with the command

```
CAT ":7942,1402,1" [RETURN]
```

4. If a list of the transferred ionograms is desired, press the LIST GRAMS key.
5. PURGE data from the fixed disc.

LIST GRAMS Function: This soft key function produces a CRT listing of all ionograms stored on the fixed disc, and the operator is offered the opportunity to have a hard copy. If the computer has not been PAUSED since the last RECORDing session, the list is available immediately. Otherwise, it can take up to about 20 seconds for the information to be read from the fixed disc.

PURGE Function: This softkey function resets the count of recorded ionograms to zero. (Ionogram data are not actually erased, because that is a time-consuming operation. New ionograms are written over the old ones, and the count is advanced after each new ionogram is completed.) To avoid accidental purges, the operator is asked twice to respond affirmatively to a question regarding his desire to purge the data file.

CHANGE PATHS Function: The data collection program automatically labels data for each ionogram with path name, delay time, and operating segments. If a sounder channel is changed to monitor a different transmitter, the identifying data in the computer must also be changed. The CHANGE PATHS function prompts the operator to enter the new data. The changed identifying information is automatically stored in the fixed disc file PATHDATA so that it will be available even if the computer is switched off and then restarted.

SET TIME function: This softkey function is included to make it easy to set the computer's internal data and time clock. The time should be set with accuracy of \pm 1 second, for which WVV is usually an appropriate standard. Operator is prompted first for date and then for time ZULU; in either case, RETURN leaves the current entry unchanged. When a changed time or date is entered, the clock is set as of the instant of pressing RETURN.

Table I. Electronic Signals Extracted at Jack J7
from the Barry RCS-4B Sounder Receiver

PIN	BARRY SIGNAL DESIGNATION	SIGNAL DESCRIPTION
1	GND	Ground
2	S/A Sync	Spectrum Analyzer (S/A) Sync; TTL LO during each 60-msec data transfer period (sweep)
3	S/A Spectrum Out	Time-of-arrival data: 0-5 v (\Rightarrow signal strength) for a 0-60 msec period (\Rightarrow 0-5 msec relative time delay), once for each of 279 sweeps
4	S/A Clock (3.3 kHz)	(not used in data collection system)
5	Sweep Run/Stop (SRS)	TTL LO during each 279-sec ionogram data collection period
6	Receiver AGC Voltage	Signal strength data: 0-5 v (\Rightarrow -110 to -55 dBm), strength of strongest mode
7	Upper Frequency Limit (UFL)	Sounder scanning range: LO \Rightarrow 2-30 MHz; HI \Rightarrow 2-16 MHz
8	Path 1	TTL LO when path 1 is being sounded
9	Path 2	TTL LO when path 2 is being sounded
10	Path 3	TTL LO when path 3 is being sounded
11	nc	
12	nc	

Table II
Electronic Components comprising the Data Collection System

1. Barry Research Corporation RCS-4B Chirpsounder Receiver
2. NRL-made pulse-shaping circuitry (See circuit diagram, Figure 4.)
3. Hewlett Packard Company (HP) 300-Series computer, Model 98580A Bundled System, option 4 (Operating System on 3 1/2" Flexible Discs); includes HP35731A Graphics Display CRT (medium resolution, bit-mapped, monochromatic Display)
 - 3a. HP 98620B DMA controller
 - 3b. HP 98625 HPIB Hi-speed disc interface
 - 3c. HP 98640A 7-channel ADC interface
 - 3d. HP 98645A software for ADC interface, Option 630 (3 1/2" flexible disc)
4. HP 7942 24 Mbyte Winchester/65Mbyte cartridge tape drive
5. Black Box Company 488 data buffer
6. HP Thinkjet printer
7. HP 9122S 3 1/2" flexible disc drive

TABLE III. Organization of the IONOGRAMS file, which is created as a data (BDAT) file of 41614 records, each of length 400 bytes.

<u>Records</u>	<u>Contents</u>
1 - 143	Data for Ionogram 1
144-286	Data for Ionogram 2
287-429	Data for Ionogram 3
.	.
.	.
.	.
41470-41613	Data for Ionogram 291
41614	Number of ionograms recorded in the file, in I4 format

TABLE IV. Contents of the 143 records, of length 400 bytes each, comprising the data for a single ionogram.

<u>Record</u>	<u>Contents</u>
1	Header (396 characters)
2-3	AGC data (279 two-byte integers, representing the AGC values for the 279 sounder sweeps)
4	Ionogram data for sweep 1 (200 two-byte integers representing the amplitudes for the 200 digitized ionogram pixels of sweep 1)
5-143	Ionogram data for sweeps 2-279 (200 two-byte integers, representing the amplitudes for the 200 digitized pixels of each of two adjacent sweeps. The less-significant bytes contain amplitude data for one sweep, and the more-significant bytes contain amplitude data for the following sweep.)

TABLE V. Description of the 440-byte Header record.

<u>Character</u>	<u>Contents</u>
1-10	Ionogram name (for example: 03JA871345, which describes the nominal Zulu date and time of ionogram start)
11-12	" " (2 blank characters)
13-40	Path name (for example "TINKER TO FT HUACHUCA")
41-48	Sounder path number (1,2,or 3; for example: " PATH 2")
49-50	" "
51-56	Time delay of sounder transmitter start (for example: 01M50S)
57-58	" "
59-69	Date of start of sounder transmission (for example: 15 Jan 1988)
70-71	" "
72-79	Zulu time of start of sounder transmission (for example: 16:17:11)
80	"Z" (referring to Zulu time)
81-400	Blank

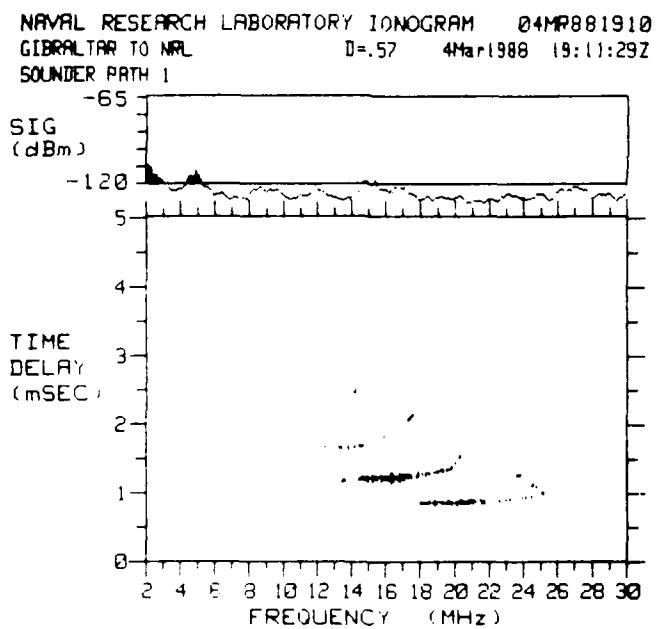
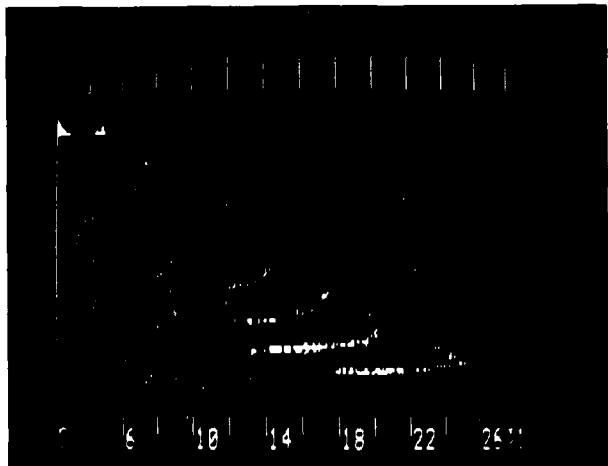


Figure 1. Ionogram 04MR881910, representing HF propagation over the Gibraltar (UK) to NRL path. Top: a photograph of the CRT display on the RCS-4B sounder receiver. Bottom: the same data after digitization and display on the NRL data recording system.

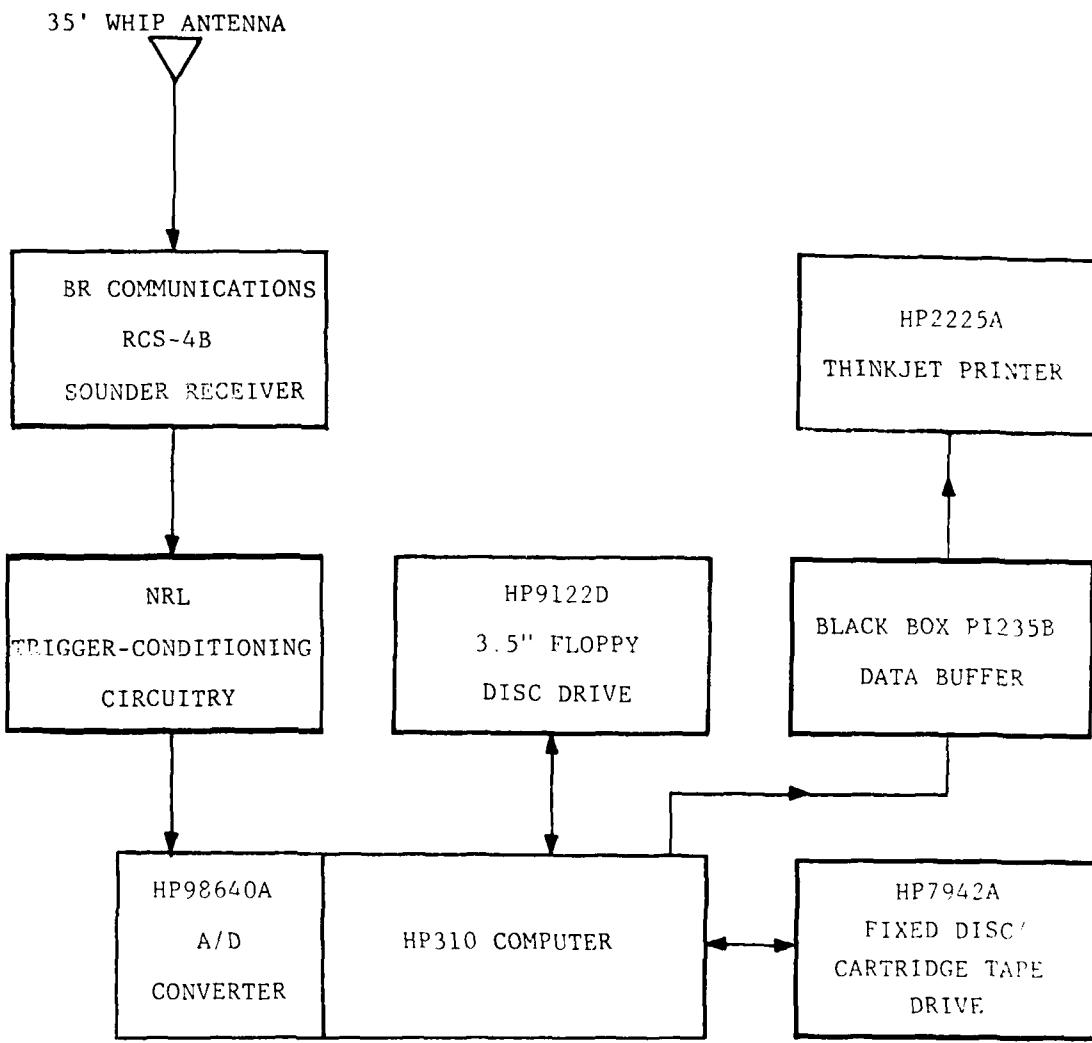


Figure 2. Block diagram of the oblique-incidence-sounder data collection system.

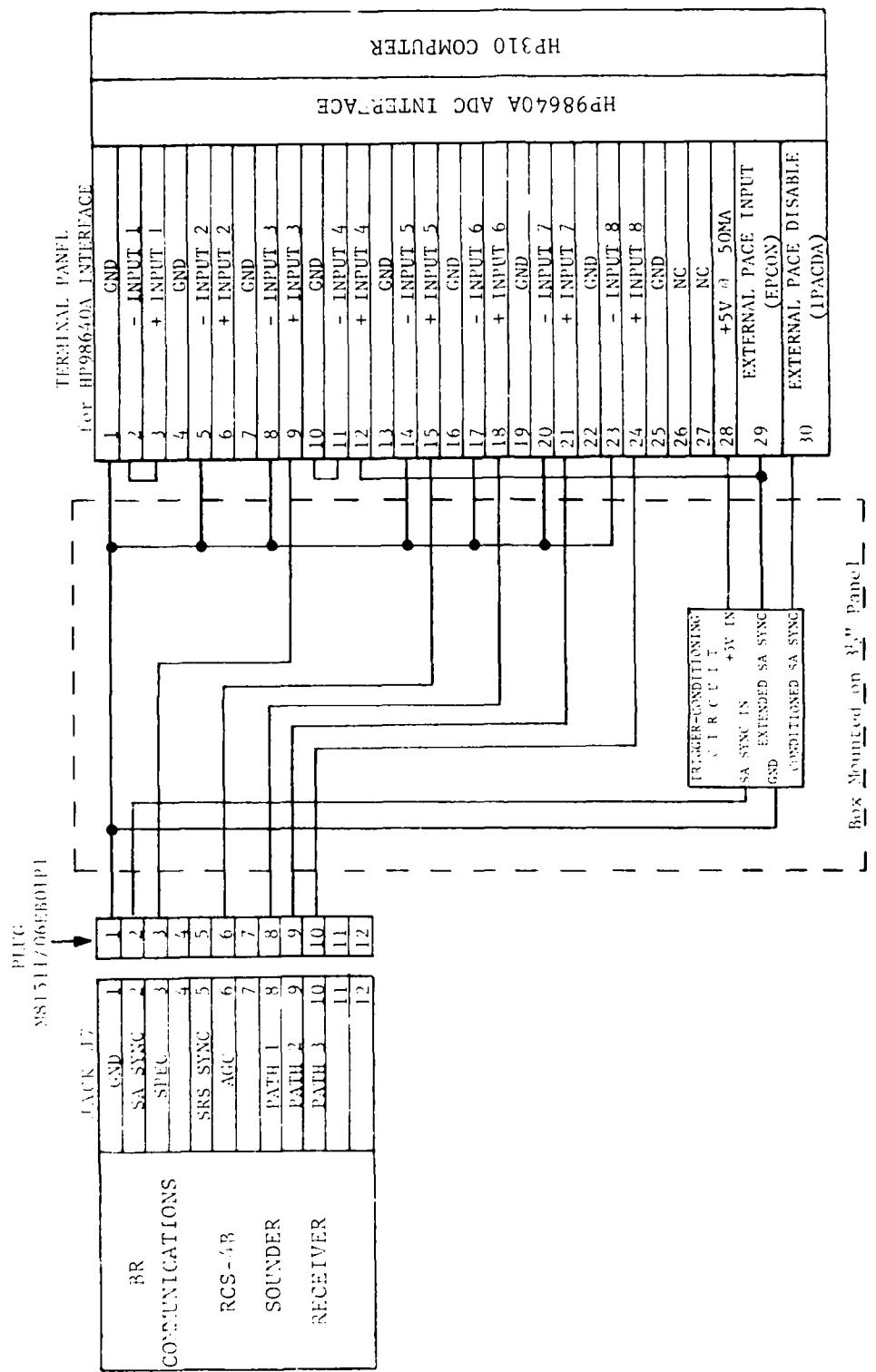


Figure 3. Electrical circuitry connecting the RCS-4B sounder receiver, the trigger-conditioning circuit, and the ADC interface attached to the HP310 computer.

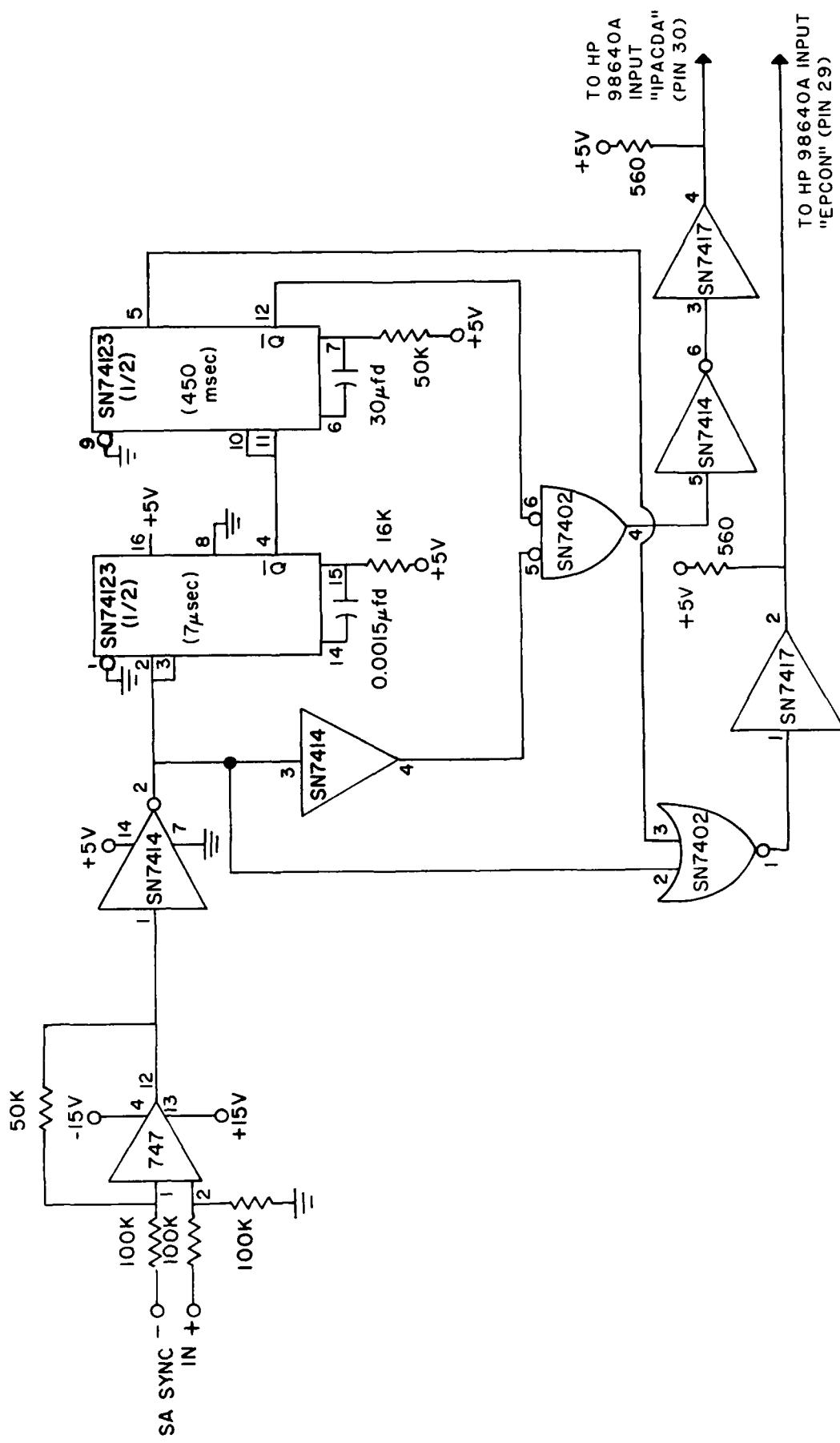


Figure 4. Circuitry used to isolate the sounder receiver's SA Sync pulse, and to generate an additional "EPCON" pulse required by the A/D converter.

APPENDIX. CHIRP4 LISTING

This BASIC program is written for Hewlett-Packard 300-series computers. The fixed-disc is addressed ":7942,1402,0" and the 1/4" magnetic cartridge tape unit designation is "HP7942,1402,1". Lines 1155-1166 represent machine-language subprograms from the HP98645A Measurement Library, which permit BASIC control of the HP98640A A/D converter.

1 ! PROGRAM CHIRP4

2 !
3 ! This program for the Hewlett-Packard 310 computer enables data from
4 ! a Barry Research RCS-4B ionospheric sounder receiver to be recorded
5 ! on an HP7942 fixed-disc storage unit, and to be reproduced on an
6 ! HP 2225A Thinkjet printer.

7 !
8 ! Up to 291 ionograms may be stored in the "IONOGRAMS" fixed-disc file.
9 ! In routine operation, the "IONOGRAMS" file is filled, copied onto a 1/4"
10 ! cartridge magnetic tape, and then purged, making it possible to fill
11 ! another "IONOGRAMS" file. Up to four such files, typically named
12 ! "IONOGRAMS1", "IONOGRAMS2", "IONOGRAMS3", and "IONOGRAMS4", can be
13 ! copied onto a single 65-Mbyte tape.

14 !
15 ! The "IONOGRAMS" fixed-disc file contains 41614 records of 400 bytes each.
16 ! Data for individual ionograms are stored in successive blocks of 143
17 ! records, each of which has the following format:

18 !
19 ! Rec. 1 Header (400 characters)
20 ! Recs. 2-3 IAGC, 279 integers of AGC data (in 400-element array)
21 ! Rec. 4 200 integers representing SPEC data for first sweep
22 ! Recs. 5-143 139 records of 200 characters each, in which the
23 ! least significant bytes represent SPEC data for one
24 ! sweep and the more significant bytes represent SPEC
25 ! data for the following sweep

26 !
27 ! Record 41614 contains (in I4 format) the number of ionograms recorded
28 ! in the "IONOGRAMS" file.

29 !
30 ! The OSUB routines at the end of this program must be loaded from the
31 ! HP98645A software for the HP98640A ADC interface. They are required
32 ! only for the RECORD function.

33 !
34 !

35 ! Program written by:

36 ! Mark Daehler
37 ! Code 4181
38 ! Naval Research Laboratory
39 ! Washington, DC 20375
40 ! (202)767-2891

41 !
42 ! Latest revision: 5 April 1988

43 !

44 ! OPTION BASE 1
45 ! GINIT
46 ! PRINTER IS 1
47 ! CONTROL CRT,12!: ! Key labels off
48 ! PRINT CHR\$(128): ! Stop blinking and inverse video, if on
49 ! OUTPUT #ED:CHR\$(255),3CHR\$(75): ! Clear screen
50 ! MASS STORAGE IS ":"HP7942,1402": ! Fixed-disc/cartridge tape combination
51 ! CONTROL #ED,15!: ! Makes HIL Keyboard (300 series keyboard) compatible
52 ! ! with 98200 Keyboard (the 'bd' on HP98200).

```
53      DIM Soundata(5),Sdata(400),Ags(400),Titles[396],Housekeep(7),Spec(200),Tmd
t(279),Path$(0:3)[28],U$(180),Q$(10),Tex$(80),Tt$(20),Q1$(31),Temp(200)
54      DIM Lat(3),Long(3),Ooseg$(3)[20],Newpath$(29),Newooseg$(20),A$(200)
55      INTEGER Ispec(200),Iags(400),Iout(200),Gridarray(25600),Imonth,Path,Items
(200),Tdelay(0:3,2),Tdmin,Tdsec,Jcattest
56      ALLOCATE Qcat$(234)[48]
57      Function$="PROGRAMSTART"
58      Gridready$="NO"
59      Catuptodate$="NO"
60      Journal$="NOJOURNAL"
61      DIM Mon$(36),Mon2$(24)
62      Mon$="JANFEBMARAPRMMAYJUNJULAUGSEPOCTNOVDEC"
63      Mon2$="JAFEMRAPMYJNJLAUSEOCNODE"
64      Discrim=.45
65      Halt$=""                                ! Reset time if
66      IF TIMEDATE<2.11371724815E+11 THEN GOTO Settime    ! T = 1 Jan 66 00:00:00
67 Menu:!
68      Oldfunction$=Function$
69      Function$="MENU"
70      IF Oldfunction$="CHANGEPATHS" THEN GOTO 73
71      OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);    ! Clear screen
72      IF Oldfunction$="SETTIME" THEN GOSUB Disolaytime
73      PRINTER IS 1
74      OFF ERROR
75      CONTROL CRT,12:0    ! Turn on user-key labels
76      ON KEY 0 LABEL "RECORD",1 GOTO Record
77      ON KEY 1 LABEL "DISPLAY",1 GOTO 330
78      ON KEY 2 LABEL "LIST GRAMS",1 GOSUB 617
79      ON KEY 3 LABEL "PURGE" GOTO Purge
80      ON KEY 4 GOSUB Do_nothing
81      ON KEY 5 GOSUB Do_nothing
82      ON KEY 6 LABEL "QUIT" GOTO End
83      ON KEY 7 GOSUB Do_nothing
84      ON KEY 8 LABEL "CHANGE PATHS",1 GOTO Changepaths
85      ON KEY 9 LABEL "SET TIME",1 GOTO Settime
86      IF Function$="SETTIME" THEN GOTO 89
87      PRINT USING S56:DATE$(TIMEDATE),TIME$(TIMEDATE)
88      GOTO Loco
89      IF Oldfunction$="PROGRAMSTART" THEN
90          CONTROL CRT,1:11      ! Set to CRT line 11
91          A$=RPT$(1,20)
92          PRINT A$;"        NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY"
93          PRINT A$;"        WASHINGTON, DC 20375 USA"
94          PRINT
95          PRINT A$;"CHIRPSCUNDER IONOGRAM RECORDING PROGRAM"
96          Function$=""
97          END IF
98          IF Function$="DISPLAY" THEN PRINT RPT$(CHR$(10),3)&RPT$(1,3);!THE 'IONO
GRAMS' FILE CONTAINS NO IONOGRAMS FROM THE REQUESTED PATHS"
99          CONTROL CRT,12:2      ! Key labels always on
100         Function$="MENU"
101 Loco:      GOTO Loco
```

```

154 CONTROL @Grampath,7:41614 ! Set EOF pointer to end of file
155 GOSUB Plot_grid
156 Catuotodate$="NO"
157 U$=RPT$(" ",75)
158 OFF KEY
159 ON KEY 0 GOTO Do_nothing
160 ON KEY 1 GOTO Do_nothing
161 ON KEY 2 GOTO Do_nothing
162 ON KEY 3 GOTO Do_nothing
163 ON KEY 4 GOTO Do_nothing
164 ON KEY 5 GOTO Do_nothing
165 ON KEY 6 LABEL " QUIT",1 GOTO 65
166 ON KEY 7 GOTO Do_nothing
167 ON KEY 8 GOTO Do_nothing
168 ON KEY 9 GOTO Do_nothing
169 CONTROL CRT,12:2 ! Key labels on
170 PRINT RPT$(CHR$(10),15) ! CHR$(10)=line feed
171 PRINT USING """IONOGRAM""",40:Gramnum
172 PRINT
173 PRINTER IS 1:EOL CHR$(13) ! CR only (no linefeed) after PRINT statement
174 PRINT "SWEEP"
175 IMAGE 5 X,40
176 Start_search: Time1=TIMEDATE ! Wait for beginning of ionogram
177 Sequential_scan("SPECTRUM",2,2,.000301,Spec(*),200)
178 Sequential_scan("SOUNDER",1,7,.00002,Houskeeo(*),1)
179 Time2=TIMEDATE ! TIME2 is start time for this ionogram
180 IF <Time2-Time1><1,10 THEN GOTO First_scan
181 WAIT .10
182 GOTO Start_search
183 First_scan: Path=-/SGN(Houskeeo(5)-2.5)-1)/2-/SGN(Houskeeo(6)-2.5)-1)-3*(6
GN:Houskeeo(7)-2.5,-1)/2
184 K=1
185 Avg(K)=Houskeeo(4)
186 Plot_data: FOR J=1 TO 200 ! Plot data for first sweep
187 Spec(J)=MAX(0,Spec(J))
188 IF Spec(J)>Discrim THEN 181
189 SPLOT Y,J
190 PENUP
191 NEXT J
192 IF Path < 0 OR Path > 3 THEN Path=0
193 U$=Path$/Path*2RPT$(" ",26) ! U$=Name of ionogram
194 U$=U$(1,26)
195 Tim$=TIME$(Time2)
196 D1=/AL:Tim$(4,S)
197 IF FRACT D1(.5,0)=0 THEN GOTO 200
198 D1=D1+.1
199 GOTO 197
200 D1$="00"2VAL$D1
201 D1$=D1$(LEN(D1$)-LEN(D1$))
202 Dat$=DATE$/Time2
203 Imonth#=RPT$Month$&RPT$Dat$(4,5)+2//3
204 D$=Dat$(1,2)256&Dat$(2+Imonth%,2+Imonth%2)Dat$(10,11)2Tim$(1,2)301$
205 IF D$(1,1)=1,1 THEN D$=12256&2101

```

```

206 MAT Ispec= (51.2)*Sdec      ! 51.2=256/5.0
207 OUTPUT @Gramoath,4+143*(Gramnum-1):Ispec(*)
208 PRINT USING 228:K
209 RPLOT 1,220+10*Agc(1)
210 PENU
211 FOR K1=1 TO 139
212 MAT Ispec= (-32768)
213 K=2*K1
214 Even_scan:Sequential_scan("SPECTRUM",2,2,.000301,Spec(*),220)
215 Sequential_scan("SOUNDER",1,7,.00002,Houskeed(*),1)
216 Agc(K)=Houskeed(4)
217 FOR J=1 TO 200    ! PLOT DATA FOR THIS SWEEP
218   Spec(J)=MAX(0,Spec(J))
219   IF Spec(J)>Discrim THEN 220
220   RPLOT K,J
221   PENU
222   NEXT J
223 MAT Itemo= (51.2)*Sdec ! Round spectrum values to integers
224 MAT Temo= Itemo        ! Convert to real
225 MAT Temo= (256.0)*Temo
226 MAT Isoec= Isoec+Temo
227 PRINT USING 228:K
228 IMAGE "SWEEP",3D
229 RPLOT K,220+10*Agc(K)
230 PENU
231 IF K1=1 THEN
232   OSIZE 4,.5
233   MOVE 366,375
234   LABEL 0$
235   MOVE Xzero,Yzero
236   END IF
237 IF K1=2 THEN
238   MOVE 76,350
239   OSIZE 4,.406
240   LABEL USING "30X,.20":Discrim
241   MOVE Xzero,Yzero
242   END IF
243 IF K1=3 THEN
244   MOVE 76,245
245   LABEL USING "113X,.2":Path
246   MOVE Xzero,Yzero
247   END IF
248 IF K1=4 THEN
249   MOVE 76,380
250   OSIZE 4,.406
251   LABEL USING "114A":Path$:Path [1:14]
252   MOVE Xzero,Yzero
253   END IF
254 IF K1=5 THEN
255   MOVE 76,350
256   OSIZE 4,.406
257   LABEL USING "114B":Path$:Path [15:20]

```

```

258      MOVE Xzero,Yzero
259      END IF
260 Odd_scan:      K=K+1
261      Sequential_scan("SPECTRUM",2,2,.000301,Spec(*),200)
262      Sequential_scan("SOUNDER",1,7,.00002,Houskeep(*),1)
263      Agc(K)=Houskeep(4)
264      FOR J=1 TO 200 ! PLOT DATA FOR THIS SWEEP
265          Spec(J)=MAX(0,Spec(J))
266          IF Spec(J)>Discrim THEN 269
267          RPLT K,J
268          PENUP
269          NEXT J
270          MAT Temp=(51.2)*Spec
271          MAT Ispec= Ispec+Temp
272          PRINT USING 228:K
273          RPLT K,220+10*Agc(K)
274          PENUP
275          OUTPUT @Gramopath: Ispec(*)
276          NEXT K1
277          PRINTER IS 1
278          MAT Iago=(51.2)*Agc
279          Delay$="0"&VAL$(Tdelay(Path,2))
280          Delay$=Delay$[LEN(Delay$)-1,LEN(Delay$)]&"$"
281          D$="0"&VAL$(Tdelay(Path,2))
282          Delay$=D$[LEN(D$)-1,LEN(D$)]&"M"&Delay$ ! PATH DELAY (XXMYY5); 5 CHRS
283          Title$=D$[1,28]&" PATH "&VAL$(Path)&" "&Delay$&" "&Dat$&" "&Tim$
284          Title$=Title$&RPTR$(",",396-LEN(Title$)) ! Title$ IS 396 CHARACTERS LONG
285          OUTPUT @Gramopath,1+143,0*(Gramnum-1) USING "396A":Title$
286          OUTPUT @Gramopath: Iago(*)
287          Gramnum=Gramnum+1
288          Jcat=Jcat+1
289          Jcat$(Jcat)=0$
290          OUTPUT @Gramopath,41611 USING "40":Jcat
291          PRINT "ALL DONE"
292          MOVE Xzero,Yzero+220
293          FOR J=1 TO 279
294              IF Agc(J)>0 THEN 296
295              PPLT J,0
296              RPLT J,10*Agc(J)
297              PENUP
298              NEXT J
299              MOVE 75,360
300              CSIZE 4..406
301              LABEL USING 302:U$,Dat$,Tim$
302              IMAGE 18A,10X,9A,2X,3A,'Z'
303              IF Journal$="NOJOURNAL" THEN GOTO 308
304              PRINTER IS 701
305              PRINT USING 306:U$.Path,Dat$,Tim$,0$
306              IMAGE 23A," PATH='0,CD,2X, 11A,1X,3A,' Z",3X,10A
307              PRINTER IS 1
308              OUTPUT K20:CHR$(155,3CHR$(75)) ! Clear ALPHA screen
309              GOTO 155

```

```

310 !
311 ! ***** OUTPUT IONOGRAM TO HP2225A THINKJET PRINTER *****
312 !
313 Hard_copy: Function$="HARDCOPY"
314     PRINTER IS 1
315     PRINT TABXY(1,1);      ! Move cursor to upper left-hand corner of CRT
316     PRINT RPT$(CHR$(10),15) ! 15 line-feeds
317     PRINT "           "    ! Remove "IONOGRAM" from CRT
318     PRINT "           "    ! Remove "XXX OF XXX" from CRT
319     PRINT "           "    ! Remove "SWEEP XXX" from CRT
320     PRINTER IS 701
321     GRAPHICS ON
322! CLEAR 7 ! This command required when using HP2571G printer
323     INTEGER S2(25600)
324     STATUS CRT,12:Zzz
325     CONTROL CRT,12:1
326     GSTORE S2(+)
327     DUMP GRAPHICS
328     RETURN
329 !
330 ! ***** DISPLAY IONOGRAMS FROM DISC *****
331 !
332     PRINTER IS 1
333     OFF TIME
334     OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);      ! Clear screen
335     GRAPHICS OFF
336     Function$="DISPLAY"
337     IF Catuotodate$="NO" THEN
338         CONTROL CRT,1:11      ! Set CRT cursor to line 11
339         PRINT RPT$(" ",15); "READING LIST OF IONOGRAMS IN HARD DISC"
340         GOSUB List_igrams
341         CONTROL CRT,1:11
342         PRINT RPT$(" ",80)
343         CONTROL CRT,1:1
344     END IF
345     OFF KEY
346     ON KEY 0 GOSUB Do_nothing
347     ON KEY 1 GOSUB Do_nothing
348     ON KEY 2 LABEL " LIST  GRAMS",1 GOTO Remindoperator
349     ON KEY 3 GOSUB Do_nothing
350     ON KEY 4 GOSUB Do_nothing
351     ON KEY 5 GOSUB Do_nothing
352     ON KEY 6 LABEL " QUIT",1 GOTO 74
353     ON KEY 7 GOSUB Do_nothing
354     ON KEY 8 GOSUB Do_nothing
355     ON KEY 9 GOSUB Do_nothing
356     CONTROL CRT,12:2      ! Key labels on
357     Quant=0      ! Quant= number of ionograms to be plotted
358     STATUS CRT,1:k      ! k = Current CRT line position
359     PRINT " ENTER names of ionograms to be plotted as in 'following examples':"
360     PRINT

```

```

361 PRINT " SINGLE IONOGRAM:           2AP860005"
362 PRINT " MULTIPLE IONOGRAMS:        2JU860015-3JU861025"
363 PRINT " ALL, OR ALL OF ONE PATH:   ALL"
364 PRINT
365 CONTROL CRT,12:2           ! Key labels on
366 PRINT " CHOICE:   ";
367 Q1$=""
368 K=0
369 GOSUB Ask_for_a
370 Q1$=TRIM$(UPC$(A$(1,31)))
371 IF Q1$="" THEN GOTO 365
372 IF Q1$="ALL" THEN
373   Qfirst$=Qcat$(1){1,10}
374   Qlast$=Qcat$(Jcat){1,10}
375   GOTO 391
376 END IF
377 Ilocs=POS(Q1$,"-")
378 IF Ilocs=0 THEN
379   Qfirst$=TRIM$(Q1$)
380   Qlast$=TRIM$(Q1$)
381   Quant=1      ! Quant= number of ionograms to be plotted
382   GOTO 387
383 END IF
384 IF Ilocs<9 THEN GOTO 365
385 Qfirst$=Q1${1,Ilocs-1}
386 Qlast$=Q1${Ilocs+1,LEN(Q1$)}
387 IF LEN(Qfirst$)>10 THEN Qfirst$=Qfirst${1,10}
388 IF LEN(Qlast$)>10 THEN Qlast$=Qlast${1,10}
389 IF LEN(Qfirst$)=9 THEN Qfirst$="0"&Qfirst$
390 IF LEN(Qlast$)=9 THEN Qlast$="0"&Qlast$
391 IF Cattuotated$="NO" THEN GOSUB List_grams
392 FOR K1=1 TO Jcat
393   Kfirst$=K1
394   IF Kfirst$=Qcat$(K1){1,10} THEN GOTO Next_toues
395   NEXT K1
396 PRINT USING 397:Qfirst$!
397 IMAGE " THERE IS NO IONOGRAM ",K1,". ENTER REQUEST AGAIN."
398 GOTO 365
399 Next_toues: FOR K2=1 TO Jcat
400   Klast$=K2
401   IF Klast$=Qcat$(K2){1,10} THEN GOTO Choose_path
402   NEXT K2
403 PRINT USING 404:Qlast$!
404 IMAGE " THERE IS NO IONOGRAM ",K2,". ENTER REQUEST AGAIN."
405 GOTO 365
406 Choose_path: Steosize=SGN(Klast-Kfirst)
407 IF Steosize=0 THEN Steosize=1
408 IF Quant=1 THEN GOTO 409
409 PRINT PRT$(CHR$(10))3+13! 3 line feeds
410 PRINT

```

```

411 PRINT "TO DISPLAY IONOGRAMS FROM JUST 1 OR TWO PATHS RETURN PATH NUMBERS.
"
412 PRINT "FOR EXAMPLE, FOR JUST PATH 1 RETURN      1"
413 PRINT "          FOR PATHS 2 AND 3 RETURN      23"
414 PRINT "FOR ALL PATHS, PUSH RETURN"
415 PRINT
416 PRINT "CHOICE: ";
417 GOSUB Ask_for_a
418 IF A$="" THEN GOTO 428
419 Plot1=0
420 Plot2=0
421 Plot3=0
422 FOR K=1 TO LEN(A$)
423   IF A$(K,K)="1" THEN Plot1=1
424   IF A$(K,K)="2" THEN Plot2=2
425   IF A$(K,K)="3" THEN Plot3=3
426   NEXT K
427 IF Plot1+Plot2+Plot3<>0 THEN GOTO 431
428 Plot1=1
429 Plot2=2
430 Plot3=3
431 FOR Pathee=1 TO 3      ! Plot all of path 1, then path 2, then path 3
432   IF Pathee=1 AND Plot1>0 THEN GOTO Next_pathee
433   IF Pathee=2 AND Plot2>0 THEN GOTO Next_pathee
434   IF Pathee=3 AND Plot3>0 THEN GOTO Next_pathee
435 Quant=0
436 FOR KK2=Kfirst TO Klast STEP Stepsize
437   IF Qcat$(KK2)(48,48)=VAL$(Pathee) THEN Quant=Quant+1
438   NEXT KK2
439   IF Quant>0 THEN GOTO Goahead
440   GOTO Next_pathee
441 Remindoperator: GOSUB 617      ! Fetch list of ionograms
442           GOTO 356      ! Go back & ask for grams to be displayed
443 Goahead: Newoage$="YES"      ! 2 ionograms per page
444 ON KEY 2 GOTO Do_nothing
445 Nowk=0
446 FOR KK2=Kfirst TO Klast STEP Stepsize
447   D1$=Qcat$(KK2)(11,10)
448   IF Qcat$(KK2)(48,48)<>VAL$(Pathee) THEN GOTO 461
449   Nowk=Nowk+1
450   GOSUB Displaygram           ! This is the routine in which a
451   PRINTER IS 701           ! series of ionograms is plotted.
452   IF Newoage$="YES" THEN
453     PRINT CHR$(12)           ! CHR$(12)=page eject
454     PRINT CHR$(10),CHR$(12)    ! CHR$(10)=wide line feed
455     Newoage$="NO"            ! CHR$(13)=narrow line feed
456   ELSE
457     PRINT CHR$(10)           ! line feed
458     Newoage$="YES"
459   END IF
460   GOSUB Hand_copy

```

```

461      NEXT KK2
462 Next_Pathee:      NEXT Pathee
463     PRINTER IS 1
464     CONTROL CRT,12:2   ! KEY LABELS ON
465     GOTO 65
466 Dispalygram:  ! IF LEN(01$)>10 THEN 01$=01$&"0"
467     OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);      ! Clear screen
468     GOSUB Plot_grid
469     MOVE 366,375
470     CSIZE 4,.5
471     IF LEN(01$)=10 AND 01$[10,10]<>" " THEN GOTO 474
472     LABEL "3G1$"
473     GOTO 475
474     LABEL 01$
475     PRINTER IS 1
476     PRINT RPT$(CHR$(10),15)      ! CHR$(10)=Line feed
477     IF Olast$="" THEN GOTO 481
478     PRINT " IONOGRAM"
479     PRINT USING 480:Newk,Quant
480     IMAGE 3D," OF ",30
481     PRINTER IS 1:EOL CHR$(13)      ! End of line sequence is CR only (no LF)
482     PRINT USING 515
483     ENTER 3Graampath,1+143*(KK2-1) USING "396A":Title$
484     0$=Title$[1,10]
485     1$=Title$[13,40]
486     Path=VAL>Title$[48,48]
487     Delay$=Title$[51,56]
488     Dat$=Title$[59,69]
489     Tim$=Title$[72,79]
490     ENTER 3Graampath:Iagec(*)
491     MOVE 75,360
492     CSIZE 4,.406
493     LABEL USING 494:U$,0:Discrim,Dat$[1,2]Dat$[4,6]&Dat$[3,11],Tim$
494     IMAGE 25A," D=",20,3X,3A,2X,3A,"Z"
495     LABEL USING 495:Path
496     IMAGE 13X,0
497     MAT Agc= Iagec(S1,2)
498     MOVE Xzero,/zero+220      ! Set in position to set AGC signal
499     FOR J=1 TO 278
500       IF Agc(J)<0 THEN GOTO 502
501       PPLDT J,0
502       PPLDT J,10*Agc(J)
503       PENUP
504       NEXT J
505     MOVE Xzero,/zero
506 Finst_sweeet:  ENTER 3Graampath,4+143*(KK2-1):Ispec(*)
507     r=1
508     MAT Spec= 5.0*256.0*Ispec
509     FOR J=1 TO 200
510       IF Spec(J)>Discrim THEN S13

```

```

S11      RPLOT K,J
S12      PENUP
S13      NEXT J
S14      PRINT USING S15;K
S15      IMAGE " SWEEP ",J0
S16      FOR K1=1 TO 139
S17          ENTER @Gramopath:ISpec(++)
S18 Even_sweep: K=2*K1
S19      MAT Spec= ISpec
S20      MAT Spec= Spec+(32768)
S21      MAT Spec= Spec/(256)
S22      FOR J=1 TO 200
S23          Spec(J)=INT(Spec(J))
S24          Spec(J)=Spec(J)/51.2
S25          IF Spec(J)>Discrim THEN S23
S26          RPLOT 2*K1,J
S27          PENUP
S28          NEXT J
S29          PRINT USING S15;K
S30 Odd_sweep: K=2*K1+1
S31      MAT Spec= ISpec
S32      MAT Spec= Spec+(32768)
S33      FOR J=1 TO 200
S34          Spec(J)=Spec(J) MODULO 256
S35          Spec(J)=Spec(J)/51.2
S36          IF Spec(J)>Discrim THEN GOTO S39
S37          RPLOT 2*K1+1,J
S38          PENUP
S39          NEXT J
S40          PRINT USING S15;K
S41      NEXT K1
S42      PRINTER IS !
S43      RETURN
S44
S45      ***** SET TIME *****
S46
S47 Settime: Oldfunction$=Function$
S48 Function$="16GETTIME"
S49 OUTPUT #80:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);      ! CLEAR SCREEN
S50 ON KEY 0 GOSUB Do_nothing
S51 ON KEY 1 GOSUB Do_nothing
S52 ON KEY 2 GOSUB Do_nothing
S53 ON KEY 3 GOSUB Do_nothing
S54 ON KEY 5 LABEL " QUIT" GOTO S10
S55 ON KEY 6 GOSUB Do_nothing
S56 ON KEY 9 GOSUB Do_nothing
S57 GOSUB Dispalytime
S58 PRINT
S59 PRINT "Date or time stated above may be retained by entering RETURN."
S60 PRINT

```

```

561 PRINT "ENTER UNIVERSAL DATE (DD MMM YYYY) ";
562 OFF ERROR
563 STATUS CRT,1:Newline
564 STATUS CRT,0:Newcol
565 GOSUB AskForA
566 Oldynsecs=DATE(DATE$(TIME$))      ' Old date in seconds
567 IF A$="" THEN
568     CONTROL CRT,1:Newline
569     CONTROL CRT,0:Newcol
570     PRINT DATE$(TIME$)
571     Newynsecs=0
572     GOTO 582
573 END IF
574 CONTROL CRT,1:Newline
575 CONTROL CRT,2:1
576 ON ERROR GOTO 560
577 Newynsecs=DATE(A$)
578 IF Newynsecs<2.08662912E+11 THEN GOTO 560
579 IF Newynsecs>1.43252224E+11 THEN GOTO 560
580 OFF ERROR
581 Date$=A$
582 Newline=Newline+1
583 CONTROL CRT,1:Newline+1
584 CONTROL CRT,0:1
585 PRINT "ENTER ZULU TIME (HH MM SS) ";
586 OFF ERROR
587 STATUS CRT,1:Newline
588 STATUS CRT,0:Newcol
589 GOSUB AskForA
590 Oldtimesecs=TIME/TIME$(TIME$))      ' time when kbd RETURN was pushed
591 IF A$="" THEN
592     IF Newynsecs=0 THEN GOTO 510
593     Newtime$=TIME$-Oldynsecs+Newynsecs
594     SET TIME$ Newtime$
595     GOTO 510
596 END IF
597 Newline=Newline+1
598 CONTROL CRT,1:Newline
599 CONTROL CRT,0:1
600 ON ERROR GOTO 585
601 Newtimesecs=TIME(A$[1,2]&"."&A$[4,5]&"."&A$[7,8])
602 IF Newtimesecs<0 THEN GOTO 585
603 IF Newtimesecs >6399.999 THEN GOTO 585
604 IF ErrPrg
605 IF Newynsecs=0 THEN
606     SET TIME$ Oldynsecs+Newtimesecs
607     GOTO 510
608 END IF
609 SET TIME$ Newynsecs+Newtimesecs
610 OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);           ' Clear screen

```

```

611    OFF ERROR
612    IF Oldfunction$="RECORD" THEN GOTO Record
613    GOTO Menu
614    !
615    !***** PRODUCE CATALOG OF HARD-DISC IONOGRAMS *****
616    !
617    Oldfunction$=Function$
618    Function$="LISDISCOGRAMS"
619 List_grams:   GRAPHICS OFF
620    Ac$=""
621    IF Catuodate$="YES" THEN GOTO 645
622    ASSIGN @Gramopath TO +
623    ON ERROR GOTO File_error      ! IF NO "IONOGRAMS" FILE, CREATE ONE
624    ASSIGN @Gramopath TO "IONOGRAMS"
625    OFF ERROR
626    CONTROL @Gramopath,7:41614    ! MOVES EOF MARKER TO END OF FILE
627    ENTER @Gramopath,41614 USING "4D":Jcattest
628    IF Jcattest=0 THEN
629        Jcat=0
630        IF Function$="RECORD" THEN GOTO 633
631        IF Function$="DISPLAY" THEN GOTO 633
632        PRINT "THERE ARE NO IONOGRAMS RECORDED ON THE HARD DISC"
633        Catuodate$="YES"
634        RETURN
635        END IF
636    IF Jcat=Jcattest THEN GOTO 643
637    Jcat=Jcattest
638    FOR K=1 TO Jcat
639        ON ERROR GOTO 643
640        ENTER @Gramopath,1+143*(K-1) USING "396A":Title$
641        Ocat$(K)=Title$(1,42)
642        NEXT K
643        OFF ERROR
644        Catuodate$="YES"
645        IF Function$="RECORD" THEN RETURN
646        IF Function$="DISPLAY" THEN RETURN
647        PRINTER IS 1
648        OUTPUT #80:CHR$(255)\CHR$(75):  ! Clear screen
649 Display_list: PRINT USING 650:Jcat
650        IMAGE 8X,'THE DISC CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING',40,' IONOGRAMS:'
651        FOR Ky=1 TO Jcat\6+1
652            PRINT USING 653:Ocat$(6*Ky+5),Ocat$(6*Ky+4),Ocat$(6*Ky+3),Ocat$(6*Ky+2),
653            ,Ocat$(6*Ky+1),Ocat$(6*Ky)
654            IMAGE 6(10A, 2X)
655            NEXT Ky
656        PRINT USING "K,#":"HARD COPY (Y,N) ?"
657        A$=""
658        GOSUB Ask_fora
659        IF UPC$(A$(1,1))="Y" THEN
660            STATUS CRT,1:Aaa
661            CONTROL CRT,1:Aaa-1

```

```

661      PRINT "
662      RETURN
663      END IF
664      PRINTER IS 701
665      PRINT USING 666:DATE$(TIMEDATE),TIME$(TIMEDATE)
666      IMAGE 8X,11A,2X,8A, "Z"
667      PRINT USING 650:Jcat
668      FOR Ky=1 TO Jcat/6+1
669          PRINT USING 670:Ocat$(6*Ky-5),Ocat$(6*Ky-4),Ocat$(6*Ky-3),Ocat$(6*Ky-2)
670          ,Ocat$(6*Ky-1),Ocat$(6*Ky)
671          IMAGE 8X,6(10A,2X)
672          NEXT Ky
673          A$=""
674          PRINTER IS 1
675          RETURN
676          File_error: OFF ERROR
677          ASSIGN @Gramopath TO *
678          ON ERROR GOTO 679
679          PURGE "IONOGRAMS"
680          ON ERROR GOTO 681
681          CREATE BOAT "IONOGRAMS",41614,400
682          OFF ERROR
683          ASSIGN @Gramopath TO "IONOGRAMS"
684          CONTROL @Gramopath,7:41614
685          Jcat=0
686          OUTPUT @Gramopath,41614 USING "4D":Jcat
687          GOTO 624
688          Return: RETURN ! Return from request for list of fixed-disc ionograms
689          !
690          !*****PURGE IONOGRAMS FROM "IONOGRAMS" FILE *****
691          Purge: !
692          OFF KEY
693          CONTROL CRT,12:1 ! KEY LABELS OFF
694          GRAPHICS OFF
695          OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75): ! CLEAR SCREEN
696          PRINT ! REQUEST PERMISSION TO PURGE IONOGRAMS
697          A$=""
698          PRINT USING "38A,#";"PURGE ALL IONOGRAMS FROM DISC ? (Y,N)"
699          INPUT A$
700          PRINT USING "2X,30A":UPC$(A$[1,1])
701          IF UPC$(A$) :"Y" THEN GOTO 723
702          Tex$=CHR$(131)&"PURGE ALL IONOGRAMS FROM DISC ? (Y,N)"&CHR$(128)
703          ! CHR$(131) AND CHR$(128) TURN INVERSE AND BLINKING ON AND OFF, RESP.
704          PRINTER IS 1
705          PRINT USING "38A,#":Tex$
706          A$=""
707          INPUT A$
708          PRINT USING "3X,30A":A$[1,1]
709          IF UPC$(A$) :"Y" THEN GOTO 723
710

```

```

711 ON ERROR GOTO Bad_or_no_file           ! IF NO "IONOGRAMS" FILE, SET Jcat=
1
712 ASSIGN @Gramopath TO *
713 ASSIGN @Gramopath TO "IONOGRAMS"
714 ENTER @Gramopath,41614 USING "4D":Jcat
715 OFF ERROR
716 Jcat=0
717 OUTPUT @Gramopath,41614 USING "4D":Jcat
718 Catuotodate$="NO"
719 OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);    ! CLEAR SCREEN
720 PRINT "ALL IONOGRAMS HAVE BEEN PURGED FROM ""IONOGRAMS"" FILE."
721 MAT Qcat$= ("")
722 GOTO 74
723 OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);    ! CLEAR SCREEN
724 GOTO 74
725 !
726 Bad_or_no_file: PRINT "PROBLEM WITH ""IONOGRAMS"" FILE"
727     ON ERROR GOTO 728
728     PURGE "IONOGRAMS"
729     CREATE BDAT "IONOGRAMS:HP7942,1402,0",41614,400
730     ASSIGN @Gramopath TO "IONOGRAMS"
731     OUTPUT @Gramopath,41614 USING "4D":0      ! SETT JCAT=0
732     OFF ERROR
733     RETURN
734 !
735 Plot_grid: ! ***** PLOT GRID *****
736 !
737 ! If the ionogram grid pattern is stored in array GRIDARRAY(12480), LOAD
738 ! it into the crt display. If it isn't there, get it from the hard disc.
739 ! If it isn't on the disc, generate it.
740 !
741 OUTPUT KBD:CHR$(255)&CHR$(75);    ! CLEAR SCREEN
742 GINIT
743 GCLEAR
744 GRAPHICS ON
745 SHOW 1,512,1,390
746 Xzero=150
747 Yzero=70
748 IF Gridready$="YES" THEN GOTO 367
749 ASSIGN @Gridopath TO *
750 ON ERROR GOTO 755
751 ASSIGN @Gridopath TO "GRAMGRID:HP7942,1402"
752 ENTER @Gridopath:Gridarray(*)
753 OFF ERROR
754 GOTO 367
755 OFF ERROR
756 PLOT Xzero,Yzero
757 IPLOT 0,-9
758 IPLOT 0,9
759 FOR K=1 TO 14
760 IPLOT 10,0

```

```

761 IPLOT 0,-5
762 IPLOT 0,5
763 IPLOT 10,0
764 IPLOT 0,-9
765 IPLOT 0,9
766 NEXT K
767 IPLOT 10,0
768 IPLOT -10,0
769 FOR K=1 TO 5
770 IPLOT 0,20
771 IPLOT 6,0
772 IPLOT -6,0
773 IPLOT 0,20
774 IPLOT 10,0
775 IPLOT -10,0
776 NEXT K
777 IPLOT 0,11
778 IPLOT 0,-10
779 FOR K=1 TO 14
780 IPLOT -10,0
781 IPLOT 0,5
782 IPLOT 0,-5
783 IPLOT -10,0
784 IPLOT 0,9
785 IPLOT 0,-9
786 NEXT K
787 IPLOT 0,-1
788 IPLOT -10,0
789 IPLOT 10,0
790 FOR K=1 TO 5
791 IPLOT 0,-20
792 IPLOT -6,0
793 IPLOT 6,0
794 IPLOT 0,-20
795 IPLOT -10,0
796 IPLOT 10,0
797 NEXT K
798 PENUP
799 PLOT Xzero,Yzero
800 PEN 1
801 CSIZE 4.0,.6
802 FOR K=1 TO 15
803 MOVE Xzero+(K-1)*20+3.5,Yzero-25
804 IF K < 5 THEN GOTO 811
805 MOVE Xzero+(K-1)*20-7.5,Yzero-25
806 A$=VAL$(C+k)
807 LABEL A$[1,1]
808 MOVE Xzero+(K-1)*20,Yzero-25
809 LABEL A$[2,2]
810 GOTO 812

```

```

811  LABEL VAL$(2*K)
812  NEXT K
813  MOVE Xzero+60,Yzero-10
814  LABEL "FREQUENCY (MHz)"
815  MOVE Xzero,Yzero
816  FOR K=0 TO 5
817  MOVE Xzero+13,Yzero-8+40*K
818  LABEL VAL$(K)
819  NEXT K
820  MOVE Xzero-30,Yzero+120
821  LABEL "TIME"
822  MOVE Xzero-30,Yzero+105
823  LABEL "DELAY"
824  MOVE Xzero-30,Yzero+90
825  LABEL "(mSEC)"
826  PENUP
827  MOVE Xzero,Yzero+220
828  RPLOT 280,0,-1
829  RPLOT 280,.51
830  RFLOT 0,.51
831  MOVE Xzero-30,Yzero+245
832  LABEL "SIG"
833  MOVE Xzero-30,Yzero+232
834  LABEL "(dBm)"
835  MOVE Xzero,Yzero+220
836  IPLOT -6,0
837  IPLOT 6,0
838  FOR K=1 TO 5
839  IPLOT 0,10
840  IPLOT -6,0
841  IPLOT 6,0
842  NEXT K
843  MOVE Xzero-47,Yzero+213
844  LABEL "-120"
845  MOVE Xzero-38,Yzero+261
846  LABEL "-65"
847  MOVE 76,375
848  CSIZE 4.0,.50
849  LABEL "NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY IONOGRAM"
850  MOVE 76,260
851  CSIZE 4,.406
852  LABEL USING 853
853  IMAGE 23x,'D='
854  LABEL 'RENDERER PATH'
855  MOVE Xzero,Yzero
856  !      CONTROL CRT,12:1
857  GSTORE Gridarray'*'
858  !      CONTROL CRT,12:0
859  ASSIGN @Gridpath TO *
860  ON ERROR GOTO 863

```

```

861 PURGE "GRAMGRID"
862 OFF ERROR
863 CREATE BDAT "GRAMGRID:HP7942,1402,0",1,51200
864 OFF ERROR
865 ASSIGN @Gridpath TO "GRAMGRID"
866 OUTPUT @Gridpath:Gridarray(*)
867 ASSIGN @Gridpath TO *
868 GLOAD Gridarray(*)
869 ON KEY 2 GOSUB Do_nothing
870 CONTROL CRT.12:2 ! Key labels displayed at all times
871 Gridarray$="YES"
872 MOVE Xzero,Yzero
873 GRAPHICS ON
874 RETURN
875 !
876 Do_nothing: RETURN ! REMOVES FUNCTION OF USER-DEFINED KEYS WHILE RUNNING
877 !
878 ! ***** SUBROUTINE FOR CHANGING PATHLABELS *****
879 !
880 Pathlabels: ON ERROR GOTO 886
881     ASSIGN @Path TO *
882     ASSIGN @Path TO "PATHDATA"
883     OFF ERROR
884     ENTER @Path:Path$(*),Lat(*),Long(*),Tdelay(*),Doseg$(*)
885     RETURN
886     CREATE BDAT "PATHDATA",1,5000
887     OFF ERROR
888     Path$(1)='ISABELA (PR) TO NRL'
889     Path$(2)='CORINNE (UT) TO NPL'
890     Path$(3)='DRIVER (VA) TO NFL'
891     Lat(1)=0
892     Long(1)=0
893     Lat(2)=0
894     Long(2)=0
895     Lat(3)=0
896     Long(3)=0
897     Tdelay(1,1)=1
898     Tdelay(1,2)=40
899     Tdelay(2,1)=0
900     Tdelay(2,2)=0
901     Tdelay(3,1)=1
902     Tdelay(3,2)=50
903     Doseg$(1)='10 25 40 55'
904     Doseg$(2)='25 10 35 50'
905     Doseg$(3)='20 15 30 45'
906     ASSIGN @Path TO "PATHDATA"
907     OUTPUT @Path:Path$(*),Lat(*),Long(*),Tdelay(*),Doseg$(*)
908     PRINT "PATHDATA FILE STUFFED WITH DATA"
909         PRINT "LENGTH OF Doseg$(1)=";LEN(Doseg$(1))
910         PRINT "LENGTH OF Doseg$(2)=";LEN(Doseg$(2))

```

```

911         PRINT "LENGTH OF Ooseg$(3) = "; LEN(Ooseg$(3))
912         PRINT Ooseg$(*)
913         ASSIGN @Path TO *
914         RETURN
915
916 ! Chagedpaths:
917         OUTPUT KBD;CHR$(255)&CHR$(75); ! CLEAR SCREEN
918         OFF TIME
919         CONTROL CRT,12:1 ! KEY LABELS OFF
920         IF Path$(1)="" AND Path$(2)="" AND Path$(3)="" THEN GOSUB Pathlabels
921         PRINT "Present path descriptions are:"
922         U$=CHR$(132) ! UNDERLINE
923         N$=CHR$(128) ! STOP UNDERLINING
924         PRINT
925         PRINT USING "36X,K";'Time Delay'
926         PRINT USING 927;U$&"Path"&N$&Name"&N$&"min"&N$&U$&"sec'"&N$&U$&"0
927         operating Segments"&N$&
928         IMAGE 1X,K,8X,K,19X,K,4X,K,5X,K
929         PRINT
930         FOR K=1 TO 3
931         PRINT USING 931;K,Path$(K),Tdelay(K,1),Tdelay(K,2),Ooseg$(K)
932         IMAGE 3D,4X,29A,1X,2D,5X,2D,6X,20A
933         NEXT K
934         PRINT
935         PRINT "To change a path description, ENTER 1,2, or 3."
936         PRINT "PATH TO BE CHANGED: "
937         A$=RPT$(" ",200)
938         ON KBD GOTO 953
939         OFF KEY
940         ON KEY 0 GOSUB Do_nothing
941         ON KEY 1 GOSUB Do_nothing
942         ON KEY 2 GOSUB Do_nothing
943         ON KEY 3 GOSUB Do_nothing
944         ON KEY 4 GOSUB Do_nothing
945         ON KEY 5 GOSUB Do_nothing
946         ON KEY 6 LABEL " QUIT",1 GOTO 1021
947         ON KEY 7 GOSUB Do_nothing
948         ON KEY 8 GOSUB Do_nothing
949         ON KEY 9 GOSUB Do_nothing
950         CONTROL CRT,12:2 ! KEY LABELS ON
951         GOTO 951
952
953         A$=KEY$&
954         CONTROL CRT,12:1 ! KEY LABELS OFF
955         OFF KEY
956         IF A$=CHR$(255)&CHR$(59) THEN GOTO 937
957         PRINT A$
958         ON ERROR GOTO 960
959         IF LEN(A$)=1 AND NUM(A$)<48 AND NUM(A$)>52 THEN GOTO 962
960         OFF ERROR

```

```

961      GOTO 74
962      !
963      OFF ERROR
964      Pth=VAL(A$)
965      PRINT
966      PRINT USING "K,D,K,#";"           New name for path ",Pth,":
967      A$=Path$(Pth)
968      INPUT A$
969      A$=A$&RPT$( " ",28)
970      Newpath$=A$[1,28]
971      PRINT USING "K,#":RPT$(CHR$(8),11)   ! CHR$(8) IS A BACKSPACE
972      PRINT USING "K,#":RPT$( " ",10)
973      PRINT USING "K,#":RPT$(CHR$(8),11)   ! CHR$(8) IS A BACKSPACE
974      PRINT USING "CSA":Newpath$
975      PRINT
976      PRINT USING "K,D,K,#";"           New time delay for path ",Pth,":
977      PRINT USING "K,#";"    min:"
978      A$=RPT$( "<",200)
979      INPUT A$
980      IF A$=RPT$( "<",200) THEN
981          Newmin=Tdelay(Pth,1)
982          GOTO 989
983      END IF
984      ON ERROR GOTO 979
985      IF VAL(A$)<0 OR VAL(A$)>9 THEN GOTO 979
986      OFF ERROR
987      Newmin=VAL(A$)
988      Tdelay(Pth,1)=VAL(A$)
989      PRINT USING "K,#":RPT$(CHR$(8),7)   ! CHR$(8)= BACKSPACE
990      PRINT USING "K,#":RPT$( " ",6)
991      PRINT USING "K,#":RPT$(CHR$(3),7)
992      PRINT USING "D,#":Tdelay(Pth,1)
993      PRINT USING "K,#";"    min    sec"
994      A$=RPT$( "<",200)
995      INPUT A$
996      IF A$=RPT$( "<",200) THEN GOTO 1001
997      ON ERROR GOTO 995
998      IF VAL(A$)<0 OR VAL(A$)>59 THEN GOTO 995
999      OFF ERROR
1000      Tdelay(Pth,2)=VAL(A$)
1001      PRINT USING "K,#":RPT$(CHR$(5),6)
1002      PRINT USING "K,S":Tdelay(Pth,2)," sec "
1003      Newsec=Tdelay(Pth,2)
1004      PRINT
1005      PRINT USING "K,D,K,#";"           New operating segments for path ",Pth,":
1006      A$=Ooseg$(Pth)
1007      INPUT A$
1008      Newoseg$=H$[1,20]
1009      ASSIGN @Path TO +
1010      ASSIGN @Path TO "PATHDATA"

```

```
1011 ENTER @Path:Path$(*) ,Lat(*),Long(*),Tdelay(*),Doseg$(*)
1012 Path$(Pth)=Newpath$
1013 Tdelay(Pth,1)=Newmin
1014 Tdelay(Pth,2)=Newusec
1015 Doseg$(Pth)=Newdoseg$
1016 ASSIGN @Path TO *
1017 ASSIGN @Path TO "PATHDATA"
1018 OUTPUT @Path:Path$(*),Lat(*),Long(*),Tdelay(*),Doseg$(*)
1019 ASSIGN @Path TO *
1020 GOTO Changedpaths
1021 IF Function$="RECORD" THEN GOTO Record
1022 GOTO Menu
1023 !
1024 ! ***** CHANGE # OF IONOGRAMS LISTED IN "IONOGRAMS" DIRECTORY. *****
1025 !
1026 ASSIGN @Path TO *
1027 ON ERROR GOTO 1029
1028 ASSIGN @Path TO "IONOGRAMS"
1029 OFF ERROR
1030 CONTROL @Path,7:41614 ! MOVES EOF MARKER TO END OF FILE
1031 ENTER @Path,41614 USING "4D":Jcat
1032 PRINT "LISTED NUMBER OF IONOGRAMS ON TAPE IS ";Jcat
1033 PRINT "ENTER NEW NUMBER OF IONOGRAMS:";
1034 INPUT "=",J1
1035 PRINT J1
1036 OUTPUT @Path,41614 USING "4D":J1
1037 PRINT "NUMBER OF IONOGRAMS HAS BEEN CHANGED TO ";J1
1038 GOTO End
1039 !
1040 ! **** ROUTINE TO INPUT DATA FROM KEYBOARD WITHOUT CHANGING -E- LABELS ***
1041 !
1042 Asksfor$:A$=""
1043 STATUS CRT,1:Aaa ! Aaa is current crt line
1044 STATUS CRT,0:Ccl ! Ccl is current line position
1045 Precidence=1
1046 IF Function$="LIBRARYPROGRAMS" THEN Precidence=0
1047 ON KEY.Precidence GOTO Keyboardin
1048 GOTO 1048
1049 Keyboardin: Kbdin$=KBDS
1050 IF LEN(Kbdin$)=1 THEN GOTO 1052
1051 IF NUM(Kbdin$(2,2))=60 THEN ! Recognize backspace - CHR$(255) & CHR$(60)
1052     IF LEN(A$)=0 THEN GOTO 1054
1053     A$=A$(1,LEN(A$)-1)
1054     GOTO 1063
1055 END IF
1056 IF NUM(Kbdin$(2,2))=62 THEN ! Recognize ahead space - CHR$(255) & CHR$(62)
1057     A$=A$&" "
1058     GOTO 1063
1059 END IF
1060 IF Kbdin$=CHR$(255)&CHR$(63) THEN GOTO Input_done ! Recognize RETURN key.
```

```

1061 GOTO 1048
1062 A$=A$&#bdin$
1063 IF LEN(A$) >9-Col THEN A$=A$(1,79-Col)
1064 CONTROL CRT,1:Aaa
1065 CONTROL CRT,0:Col+1
1066 PRINT USING "H,H,#";A$,RPT$(1,60-Col-LEN(A$))
1067 GOTO 1048
1068 Input_done: OFF KBD
1069 IF Function$="SETTIME" THEN GOTO 1072
1070 IF Function$="MENU" THEN GOTO 1072
1071 OFF TIME
1072 PRINT
1073 RETURN
1074 :
1075 ! ***** DYNAMIC TIME DISPLAY *****
1076 !
1077 Disolaytime: ! Subroutine to display time each second
1078 IF Function$="SETTIME" THEN
1079   CONTROL CRT,1:1
1080   CONTROL CRT,0:1
1081   PRINT USING 1082:DATE$(TIME$),TIME$(TIME$),
1082     IMAGE "          UNIVERSAL TIME IS",3X,11A,3X,3A," Z"
1083   ON TIME :INT(TIME$ MOD 86400)+1: GOSUB Disolaytime
1084   RETURN
1085 END IF
1086 IF Function$="MENU" THEN
1087   CONTROL CRT,1:1
1088   CONTROL CRT,0:1
1089   PRINT USING 1090:DATE$(TIME$),TIME$(TIME$),
1090     IMAGE "          UNIVERSAL TIME IS",3X,11A,3X,3A," Z"
1091   ON TIME :INT(TIME$ MOD 86400)+1: GOSUB Disolaytime
1092   RETURN
1093 END IF
1094 IF Function$="RECORD" THEN
1095   CONTROL CRT,1:1
1096   CONTROL CRT,0:1
1097   PRINT "Computer clock reads: ";DATE$(TIME$);": ";TIME$(TIME$)
1098   ON TIME :INT(TIME$ MOD 86400)+1: GOSUB Disolaytime
1099   RETURN
1100 END IF
1101 RETURN
1148 End: END
1150 DEUB Meas_11b_init
1151 DEUB Eveten_init
1152 DEUB InitNames$
1153 DEUB InoutNames$,INTEGER Channel,REAL Var,OPTIONAL INTEGER Gain,REAL Peceal
1154 DEUB Sequential_Scan,Name$,INTEGER Start,Stop,REAL Period,Data_Lenney,*!,OPTIONAL INTEGER Peceat
1155 DEUB Random_Scan,Name!,INTEGER Addr_Lenney,*!,REAL Data_Lenney,*!,OPTIONAL INTEGER Peceat,REAL Peceal,Inty,*!,INTEGER Gain_Lenney,*!

```

```
1156 CSUB Set_gain(Name$,INTEGER Gain)
1157 CSUB Set_units(Name$,Units$,OPTIONAL Multiplier,Offset)
1158 CSUB Enable_intr(Name$)
1159 CSUB Disable_intr(Name$)
1160 CSUB Calibrate(Name$,INTEGER Chan,REAL Pace,INTEGER Number)
1161 CSUB Config_0(Name$,OPTIONAL Model$,INTEGER Select_code,Gain,REAL Pace,Re
port_err$,Units$,Multiplier,Offset)
```

END
DATE
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